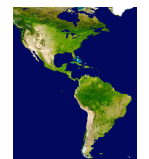

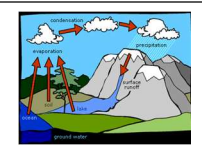





Year 3&4 Geography Long-Term Plan Year A	Autumn Term 2020 The Americas 	Spring Term 2021 Earthquakes and Volcanoes 	Summer Term 2021 Rivers and the Water Cycle 
Key Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> describe physical and human characteristics of places in the world. make comparisons of physical features of regions in different areas of the world. make comparisons of human features of regions in different areas of the world. describe some physical features of a place: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle. describe some human features of a place: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links and the distribution of natural resources. Understand geographical similarities and differences of areas. Understand how climate effects landscape and environment. use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries. use an 8 points on a compass independently. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use maps to locate countries and continents. Know how volcanoes and earthquakes occur. Begin to understand plate tectonics. Discuss the relationship between human features and physical features. Explain own views about locations, giving reasons. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, including hills, mountains, cities, rivers, key topographical features and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Know the features of a river. Know how rivers and mountains are formed. Discuss the relationship between human features and physical features. Use grid references, keys and symbols to interpret a map. use fieldwork techniques (including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies) to observe and record geographical features. describe some physical features of a place: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle. Describe how the locality of the school has changed over time.
New Vocabulary	Settlement, hamlet, port, market towns, resorts, tourism, trade, trade links, economy, supply, demand, economic activity, wealthy, poor, boom, upturn, slump, downturn, buying, selling, importing, exporting, service	Settlement, hamlet, port, market towns, resorts, tourism, trade, trade links, economy, supply, demand, economic activity, wealthy, poor, boom, upturn, slump, downturn, buying, selling, importing, exporting, service industry,	Settlement, hamlet, port, market towns, resorts, tourism, trade, trade links, economy, supply, demand, economic activity, wealthy, poor, boom, upturn, slump, downturn, buying, selling, importing, exporting, service industry,

	<p>industry, natural resources, fossil fuels, oil, coal, crops, livestock, geological resources, minerals, biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, Mediterranean, volcanoes, earthquakes, compass, transect, zone, urban, rural, central business district, inner city, suburbs, greenbelt, rockies, population,</p>	<p>natural resources, fossil fuels, oil, coal, crops, livestock, geological resources, minerals, biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, Mediterranean, volcanoes, earthquakes, crust, magma, tectonic plates, lava, erupt, hot spots, pyroclastic flow, core, mantle, plate boundary, fault line, tsunامي, Richter, active volcano, crater, dormant volcano, extinct volcano</p>	<p>natural resources, fossil fuels, oil, coal, crops, livestock, geological resources, minerals, biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, Mediterranean, volcanoes, earthquakes, county, source, lake, channel, banks, bed, flood plains, upland, meandering, erode, erosion, gorge, canyon, sediment, streams, brooks, creeks, springs, mountain range, tectonic plates, lava, erupt, global positioning system, co-ordinates, grid references, scale, condensation, evaporation, precipitation, confluence, estuary, infiltration, ordnance survey, peak, percolation, run off, salt marsh, scree, tributary, drought,</p>
<p>Activities + Evidence</p>	<p>Use atlases, maps and Google Earth Images. Extract information from photograph. Map Route 66. Carry out a transect of a town. Learn about the zones of a town.</p>	<p>Find volcanoes on a map. Look at a map of the Earth's plates. Investigate the Pacific ring of fire. Explore why people still live in these regions.</p>	<p>Explore how humans use rivers and the impact they have had on Ancient Civilisations. Use OS maps. Visit a river environment. Plan, provide and follow directions. Locate themselves on a map. Annotate maps with observations. Learn some of the symbols on OS maps. Use 4 and 6 digit co-ordinates. Explore scale on a map.</p>

Year 3&4 Geography Long-Term Plan Year B	Autumn Term 2021 Our World 	Spring Term 2022 Coasts 	Summer Term 2022 Climate 
Key Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and locate the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle and date time zones. use an 8 points on a compass independently. use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries. Name and locate the countries of Europe and identify their main physical and human characteristics. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, including hills, mountains, cities, rivers, key topographical features and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. describe physical and human characteristics of places in the world. make comparisons of physical features of regions in different areas of the world. make comparisons of human features of regions in different areas of the world. describe some physical features of a place: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle. describe some human features of a place: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links and the distribution of natural resources. Understand geographical similarities and differences of areas. Understand how climate effects landscape and environment. Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location. Explain own views about locations, giving reasons. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name and locate the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle and date time zones. describe some physical features of a place: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle. Use graphical representations.

Activities + Evidence	Use atlases, paper maps and digital maps. Compare globes and different types of map. Use maps, GPS or SatNav to plan a journey. Use 4 and 6 digit co-ordinates. Explore scale on a map.	Investigate the effects of climate change, rising sea levels and pollution. Investigate tourism as an industry. Use informal maps from tourist attractions. Use OS maps, Use Atlases and Google Earth Select appropriate maps for the task.	Use a range of maps. Extract information from photographs. Visit a woodland. Collect and analyse weather data.
Key Vocabulary	Settlement, hamlet, port, market towns, resorts, tourism, trade, trade links, economy, supply, demand, economic activity, wealthy, poor, boom, upturn, slump, downturn, buying, selling, importing, exporting, service industry, natural resources, fossil fuels, oil, coal, crops, livestock, geological resources, minerals, biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, Mediterranean, volcanoes, earthquakes, tropic of cancer, tropic of Capricorn, tropical, southern hemisphere, northern hemisphere, time zones, arctic circle, Antarctic circle, global positioning system, co-ordinates, grid references, scale, international date line, ordnance survey, prime meridian, latitude, longitude, population	Settlement, hamlet, port, market towns, resorts, tourism, trade, trade links, economy, supply, demand, economic activity, wealthy, poor, boom, upturn, slump, downturn, buying, selling, importing, exporting, service industry, natural resources, fossil fuels, oil, coal, crops, livestock, geological resources, minerals, biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, temperate, Mediterranean, volcanoes, earthquakes, global positioning system, co-ordinates, grid references, scale, bay, coral, headland, ordnance survey, pier, promenade, rock pool, tide, dunes, population	biome, vegetation belt, tropical rainforest, savannah, volcanoes, earthquakes, global positioning system, co-ordinates, grid references, scale, tropic of cancer, tropic of Capricorn, tropical, southern hemisphere, northern hemisphere, time zones, arctic circle, Antarctic circle, temperate, Mediterranean, international date line, ordnance survey, prime meridian, latitude, longitude
Previous Vocabulary		Season, community, family, home, household, traditional, modern, school, day, night, weather and weather words, temperature and words that describe temperature, Map, plant, country, city, capital city, beach, cliff, coast, forest, wood, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, sand, seaside, valley, vegetation, key, symbol, North, South, East, West, climate, rainfall, village, pressure, barometer, satellite. Continent, ocean, atlas, globe, country, equator, north pole, south pole, town, factory, farm, office, port, harbour, shop, natural, man-made, ancient, Antarctic, Arctic, Bakery, Butcher, dock, environment, high street, newsagent, park, physical feature, human feature, supermarket, United Kingdom, fast food, processed, capital cities, meadow, industrial, residential, recreational, agricultural, commercial, wild, desert, grassland, tropical, tundra, wetland, immigration, migration. Landmarks, aerial, birds eye view, near, far, often, rarely, cathedral, common land, passport, plan, quay, remote.	